









# **RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N**

# 6.5V, 2A, Low Noise, Low Dropout Linear Regulator

### 1 General Description

The RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N is a high-current (2A), low-noise ( $6.8\mu VRMS$ ), high-accuracy (1% over line, load, and temperature), low-dropout linear regulator (LDO) capable of sourcing 2A with an extremely low dropout (maximum 125mV). The device output voltage is pin-selectable (up to 3.95V) using a PCB layout without the need of external resistors, thus reducing the overall component count. Designers can achieve higher output voltages with the use of an external resistor divider. The device supports a single input supply voltage as low as 1.1V that makes it easy to use.

The low noise, high PSRR, and high output current capability make the RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N ideal to power noise-sensitive devices such as analog-to-digital converters (ADCs), digital-to-analog converters (DACs), and RF components. With very high accuracy, remote sensing, and soft-start capabilities to reduce inrush current, the RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N is ideal for powering digital loads such as FPGAs, DSPs, and ASICs.

The external enable control and power-good indicator functions make the control sequence easier. The output noise immunity is enhanced by adding an external bypass capacitor on the NR/SS pin. The device is fully specified over the temperature range of  $T_J = -40\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  to 125 $^{\circ}\text{C}$  and is offered in VQFN-20L 3.5x3.5 and VQFN-20L 5x5 packages.

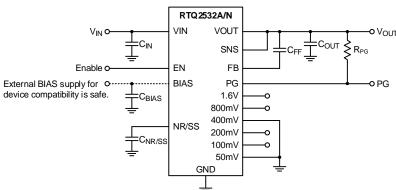
#### 2 Features

- Input Voltage Range: 1.1V to 6.5V
- Two Output Voltage Modes:
  - 0.8V to 5.5V (Set by a Resistive Divider)
  - 0.8V to 3.95V (Set via PCB Layout, No External Resistor Required)
- Accurate Output Voltage Accuracy (1%) Over Line, Load, and Temperature
- High PSRR: 40dB at 500kHz
- Noise Immunity:
  - 6.8μVRMs at 0.8V Output
  - 10μVRMs at 3.3V Output
- Dropout Voltage: 125mV at 2A
- Enable Control
- Programmable Soft-Start Output
- Stable with a  $22\mu F$  or Larger Ceramic Output Capacitor
- Support Power-Good Indicator Function

## 3 Applications

- Portable Electronic Devices
- Wireless Infrastructures: SerDes, FPGA, DSP
- RF, IF Components: VCO, ADC, DAC, LVDS

# 4 Simplified Application Circuit



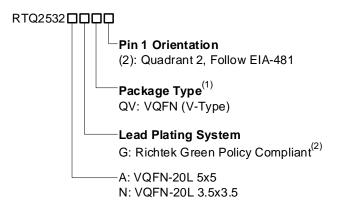
Copyright © 2025 Richtek Technology Corporation. All rights reserved.

**RICHTEK** 

is a registered trademark of Richtek Technology Corporation.



# **5 Ordering Information**



#### Note 1.

- Marked with (1) indicated: Compatible with the current requirements of IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020.
- Marked with (2) indicated: Richtek products are Richtek Green Policy compliant.

# **6 Marking Information**

RTQ2532AGQV



RTQ2532AGQV: Product Number YMDNN: Date Code

#### RTQ2532NGQV



02=: Product Code YMDNN: Date Code

RICHTEK



# **Table of Contents**

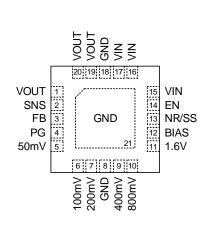
| 1  | Gene  | rai Description                            | 1  |
|----|-------|--|----|
| 2  | Featu | res  | 1  |
| 3  | Appli | cations                                    | 1  |
| 4  | Simp  | lified Application Circuit                 | 1  |
| 5  | Orde  | ring Information                           | 2  |
| 6  | Marki | ng Information                             | 2  |
| 7  | Pin C | onfiguration                               | 4  |
| 8  | Funct | tional Pin Description                     | 4  |
| 9  | Funct | tional Block Diagram                       | 5  |
| 10 |       | lute Maximum Ratings                       |    |
| 11 | ESD I | Ratings                                    | 6  |
| 12 | Reco  | mmended Operating Conditions               | 6  |
| 13 |       | nal Information                            |    |
| 14 |       | rical Characteristics                      |    |
| 15 | Typic | al Application Circuit                     | 9  |
| 16 | Typic | al Operating Characteristics               | 12 |
| 17 | Opera | ation                                      | 15 |
|    | 17.1  | Enable and Shutdown                        | 15 |
|    | 17.2  | VOUT Programming Pins                      | 15 |
|    | 17.3  | Programmable Soft-Start                    | 15 |
|    | 17.4  | Power Good                                 | 15 |
|    | 17.5  | Undervoltage-Lockout (UVLO)                | 15 |
|    | 17.6  | Internal Current Limit (I <sub>LIM</sub> ) | 16 |
|    | 17.7  | Over-Temperature Protection (OTP)          | 16 |
|    | 17.8  | Output Active Discharge                    | 16 |

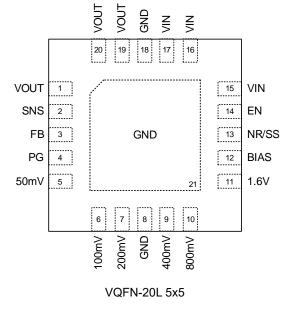
| 10 | Applic | auon miorinauon                                | 1 / |
|----|--------|--|-----|
|    | 18.1   | Output Voltage Setting                         | 17  |
|    | 18.2   | Dropout Voltage                                | 18  |
|    | 18.3   | C <sub>IN</sub> and C <sub>OUT</sub> Selection | 18  |
|    | 18.4   | Feed-Forward Capacitor (CFF)                   | 19  |
|    | 18.5   | Soft-Start and Noise Reduction (CNR/SS)        | 19  |
|    | 18.6   | Input Inrush Current                           |     |
|    | 18.7   | Undervoltage-Lockout (UVLO)                    | 19  |
|    | 18.8   | Power-Good (PG) Function                       | 20  |
|    | 18.9   | Reverse Current Protection                     | 21  |
|    | 18.10  | Thermal Considerations                         | 21  |
|    | 18.11  | Layout Considerations                          | 22  |
| 19 | Outlin | e Dimension                                    | 23  |
|    | 19.1   | VQFN-20L 3.5x3.5                               | 23  |
|    | 19.2   | VQFN-20L 5x5                                   | 24  |
| 20 | Footp  | rint Information                               | 25  |
|    | 20.1   | VQFN-20L 3.5x3.5                               | 25  |
|    | 20.2   | VQFN-20L 5x5                                   | 26  |
| 21 | Packii | ng Information                                 | 27  |
|    | 21.1   | Tape and Reel Data                             | 27  |
|    | 21.2   | Tape and Reel Packing                          | 29  |
|    | 21.3   | Packing Material Anti-ESD Property             | 31  |
| 22 | Datas  | heet Revision History                          | 32  |
|    |        |  |     |



# 7 Pin Configuration

(TOP VIEW)





VQFN-20L 3.5x3.5

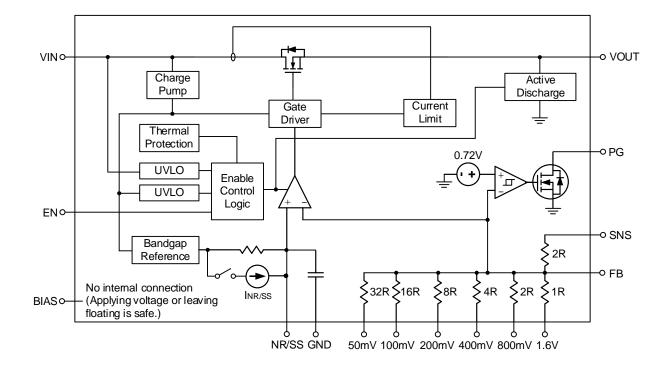
# **8 Functional Pin Description**

| Pin No.                    | Pin Name                                     | Pin Function  |
|----------------------------|--|---|
| 1, 19, 20                  | VOUT   | LDO output pins. A $22\mu F$ or larger ceramic capacitor ( $10\mu F$ or greater effective capacitance) is required for stability. Place the output capacitor as close to the device as possible and minimize the impedance between the VOUT pin and load.   |
| 2                          | SNS  | Output voltage sense input pin. Connect this pin only if using the configuration without external resistors. Keep the SNS pin floating if the VOUT voltage is set by an external resistor.  |
| 3                          | FB   | Feedback voltage input. This pin is used to set the desired output voltage via an external resistive divider. The feedback reference voltage is typically 0.8V.   |
| 4                          | PG   | Power-good indicator output. An open-drain output that is active high when the output voltage reaches 88% of the target. The pin is pulled to ground when the output voltage is lower than its specified thresholds, including EN shutdown, OCP, and OTP.   |
| 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11         | 50mV, 100mV,<br>200mV, 400mV,<br>800mV, 1.6V | Output voltage setting pins. Connect these pins to ground or leave floating. Connecting these pins to ground increases the output voltage by the value of the pin name; multiple pins can be simultaneously connected to GND to select the desired output voltage. Leave these pins floating (open) if the VOUT voltage is set by an external resistor. |
| 8, 18,<br>21 (Exposed Pad) | GND  | Ground. The exposed pad must be soldered to a large PCB and connected to GND for maximum power dissipation.   |
| 12                         | BIAS   | This pin has no internal IC connection. A BIAS input voltage below 6.5V can be applied to this pin (for compatibility with other vendors) or this pin can be left open (floating). Either option is safe and will not affect IC operation.  |



| Pin No.    | Pin Name | Pin Function  |
|------------|----------|---|
| 13         | NR/SS    | Noise-reduction and soft-start pin. Decouple this pin to GND with an external capacitor CNR/SS cannot only reduce output noise to very low levels but also slow down the rising of VOUT, providing a soft-start behavior. For low noise applications, a 10nF to $1\mu F$ CNR/SS is suggested.   |
| 14         | EN       | Enable control input. Connecting this pin to logic-high enables the regulator, and driving this pin low puts it into shutdown mode. The device can have VIN and VEN sequenced in any order without causing damage to the device. However, to ensure the soft-start function works as intended, certain sequencing rules must be applied. Enabling the device after VIN is present is preferred. |
| 15, 16, 17 | VIN      | Supply input. A general $22\mu F$ ceramic capacitor should be placed as close as possible to this pin for better noise rejection.   |

# 9 Functional Block Diagram





## 10 Absolute Maximum Ratings

#### (Note 2)

- • NR/SS, FB------ -0.3V to 3.6V • Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) ------ 260°C • Junction Temperature ------ 150°C
- Note 2. Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect device reliability.

## 11 ESD Ratings

#### (Note 3)

• ESD Susceptibility

HBM (Human Body Model)----- 2kV

Note 3. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precautions are recommended.

## 12 Recommended Operating Conditions

#### (Note 4)

- Supply Input Voltage, VIN ------ 1.1V to 6.5V
- Junction Temperature Range----- --- -40°C to 125°C

Note 4. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.

#### 13 Thermal Information

#### (Note 5 and Note 6)

|                     | Thermal Parameter                                       | VQFN-20L<br>3.5x3.5 | VQFN-20L<br>5x5 | Unit |
|---------------------|---|---------------------|-----------------|------|
| θJA                 | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (JEDEC standard) | 38.5                | 27.8            | °C/W |
| $\theta$ JC(Top)    | Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance               | 50.57               | 77.6            | °C/W |
| $\theta$ JC(Bottom) | Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance            | 2.47                | 1.8             | °C/W |
| θJA(EVB)            | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (specific EVB)   | 39.33               | 35.7            | °C/W |
| ΨJC(Top)            | Junction-to-top characterization parameter              | 5.79                | 12.3            | °C/W |
| ΨЈВ                 | Junction-to-board characterization parameter            | 24.06               | 18.9            | °C/W |

Note 5. For more information about thermal parameter, see the Application and Definition of Thermal Resistances report,

Note 6.  $\theta_{JA(EVB)}$ ,  $\Psi_{JC(Top)}$ , and  $\Psi_{JB}$  are measured on a high effective-thermal-conductivity four-layer test board, which is in size of 70mm x 50mm; furthermore, all layers with 1 oz. Cu. Thermal resistance/parameter values may vary depending on the PCB material, layout, and test environmental conditions.



### 14 Electrical Characteristics

Over operating temperature range (T<sub>J</sub> = -40°C to 125°C), (1.1V  $\leq$  V<sub>IN</sub> < 6.5V and V<sub>IN</sub>  $\geq$  V<sub>OUT</sub>(TARGET) + 0.3V, V<sub>OUT</sub>(TARGET) = 0.8V, VOUT connected to  $50\Omega$  to GND,  $V_{EN}$  = 1.1 V,  $C_{IN}$  =  $10\mu$ F,  $C_{OUT}$  =  $22\mu$ F,  $C_{NR/SS}$  = 0nF,  $C_{FF}$  = 0nF, and the PG pin pulled up to VIN with  $100k\Omega$ , unless otherwise noted.

| Parameter                                    | Symbol    | Test Conditions   | Min            | Тур             | Max            | Unit     |
|--|-----------|---|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------|
| VIN Supply Input<br>Voltage                  | Vin       |   | 1.1            |                 | 6.5            | V        |
| Reference Voltage                            | VREF      |   |                | 0.8             |                | V        |
| NR/SS Pin Voltage                            | VNR/SS    |   |                | 0.8             |                | V        |
| Undervoltage-<br>Lockout Rising<br>Threshold | Vuvlo_r   | V <sub>IN</sub> increasing  |                | 1.02            | 1.085          | V        |
| Undervoltage-<br>Lockout Hysteresis          | Vuvlo_HYS | Hysteresis  |                | 100             |                | mV       |
| Output Voltage                               | Vouт      | Using voltage setting pins (50mV, 100mV, 200mV, 400mV, 800mV, and 1.6V)               | 0.8V           |                 | 3.95V          | V        |
|  |           | Using external resistors  | 0.8V           |                 | 5.5V           | V        |
| Output Voltage<br>Accuracy<br>(Note 8)       | Vout_acc  | $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.3V, \ 0.8V \leq V_{OUT} \leq 5.5V, \\ 1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 2A$ | -1             |                 | 1              | %        |
| Line Regulation                              | VLINE_REG | I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1mA, 1.1V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 6.5 V                                |                | 0.05            |                | %/V      |
| Load Regulation                              | VLOAD_REG | 1mA ≤ Iout ≤ 2A   |                | 0.08            |                | %/A      |
| Dropout Voltage                              | VDROP     | $V_{IN} = 1.1V \text{ to } 6.5V, I_{OUT} = 2A, V_{FB} = 0.8V - 3\%$                   |                |                 | 125            | mV       |
| Current Limit                                | ILIM      | Vout = 90% Vout(target),<br>Vin = Vout(target) + 400mV                                | 2.2            | 3.3             | 3.8            | Α        |
| Short-Circuit Current<br>Limit               | Isc       | RLOAD = $20$ mΩ, under foldback operation   |                | 1               |                | Α        |
| Cravinal Dia Commant                         | love      | Minimum load, VIN = 6.5V, IOUT = 5mA  |                | 2.8             | 4              | Λ        |
| Ground Pin Current                           | IGND      | Maximum load, V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.1V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 2A                           |                | 3.7             | 5.5            | mA       |
| Shutdown Current                             | ISHDN     | Shutdown, PG = Open,<br>V <sub>IN</sub> = 6.5V, V <sub>EN</sub> = 0.5V                |                |                 | 25             | μΑ       |
| EN Pin Current                               | IEN       | V <sub>IN</sub> = 6.5V, V <sub>EN</sub> = 0V and 6.5V                                 | -0.1           |                 | 0.1            | μΑ       |
| EN Input Voltage<br>Rising threshold         | VEN_R     | Enable device   | 1.1            |                 | 6.5            | V        |
| EN Input Voltage<br>Falling threshold        | VEN_F     | Disable device  | 0              |                 | 0.5            | V        |
| Power-Good Voltage<br>Threshold              | VPG       | For the direction PG signal falling with decreasing Vout                              | 0.82 x<br>Vout | 0.883 x<br>Vout | 0.93 x<br>Vout | V        |
| Power-Good Voltage<br>Hysteresis             | VPG_HYS   | For PG signal rising  |                | 2% x<br>Vout    |                | <b>V</b> |
| PG Pin Low-Level<br>Output Voltage           | VPG_L     | VOUT < VPG,<br>IPG = -1mA (current into device)                                       |                |                 | 0.4            | V        |

March 2025

RTQ2532A\_RTQ2532N\_DS-06

# RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N



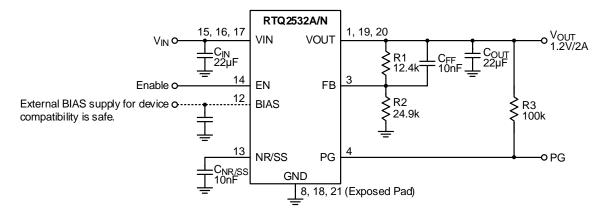
| Parameter                                    | Symbol   | Test Condit   | ions   | Min  | Тур | Max | Unit  |
|--|----------|---|--|------|-----|-----|-------|
| PG Pin Leakage<br>Current                    | IPG_LK   | VOUT > VPG,<br>VPG = 6.5V   |  |      |     | 1   | μΑ    |
| NR/SS Pin Charging Current                   | INR/SS   | VNR/SS = GND, VIN = 6.5   | 5V   | 4    | 1   | 9   | μΑ    |
| FB Pin Current                               | IFB      | VIN = 6.5V  |  | -100 |     | 100 | nA    |
| Power Supply                                 |          |   | f = 10kHz,<br>Vout = 0.8V                          |      | 42  |     |       |
|  | PSRR     | VIN - VOUT = 0.4V,<br>IOUT = 2A,<br>CNR/SS = 100nF,<br>CFF = 10nF,<br>COUT = 22µF | f = 500kHz,<br>Vout = 0.8V                         |      | 39  |     | -10   |
| Rejection Ratio                              |          |   | f = 10kHz,<br>Vout = 5V                            |      | 40  |     | - dB  |
|  |          | p.  | f = 500kHz,<br>Vout = 5V                           |      | 25  |     |       |
|  | Vn       | BW = 10Hz to 100kHz,<br>IOUT = 2A,  | V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.1V,<br>V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.8V |      | 6.8 |     |       |
| Output Noise                                 |          | CNR/SS = 100nF,<br>CFF = 10nF,  | V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.6V,<br>V <sub>OUT</sub> = 3.3V |      | 10  |     | μVRMS |
|  |          | Coυτ = 22μF   | Vout = 5 V   |      | 16  |     | =     |
| Over-Temperature<br>Protection<br>Threshold  | Тотр     |   |  |      | 160 |     | °C    |
| Over-Temperature<br>Protection<br>Hysteresis | Totp_hys |   |  |      | 20  |     |       |

Note 7.  $V_{OUT(TARGET)}$  is the expected  $V_{OUT}$  value set by the external feedback resistors. The  $50\Omega$  load is disconnected when the test conditions specify an  $I_{\text{OUT}}$  value.

Note 8. External resistor tolerance is not taken into account.



# 15 Typical Application Circuit



$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) = 0.8V \times \left(1 + \frac{12.4k}{24.9k}\right) = 1.2V$$

Figure 1. Configuration Circuit for VouT Adjusted by a Resistive Divider

**External Restive Divider Combinations** Output Voltage (V) R1 ( $k\Omega$ ) R2 ( $k\Omega$ ) 0.9 12.4 100 1 12.4 49.9 1.2 12.4 24.9 1.5 12.4 14.3 1.8 12.4 10 2.5 12.4 5.9 3.3 11.8 3.74 4.5 11.8 2.55 5 12.4 2.37

Table 1. Recommended Feedback-Resistor Values

**Table 2. Recommended External Components** 

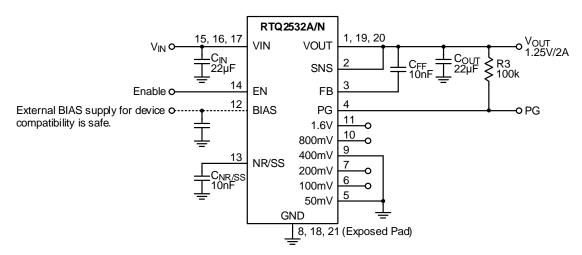
| Component          | Description          | Vendor P/N                 |
|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| CFF, CNR/SS        | 10nF, 50V, X7R, 0603 | GCD188R71H103KA01 (Murata) |
| Cout (Note 9), Cin | 22μF, 16V, X5R, 0805 | GRM21BR61C226ME44 (Murata) |

Note 9. Considering the effective capacitance derated with biased voltage level, the C<sub>OUT</sub> component needs to satisfy the effective capacitance at least 10μF or above at targeted output level for stable and normal operation.

RTQ2532A RTQ2532N DS-06

www.richtek.com





VOUT = VREF + 50mV + 400mV = 0.8V + 50mV + 400mV = 1.25V (<u>Table 3</u>. provides a full list for different VouT targets and the corresponding pin settings.)

Figure 2. Configuration Circuit for Adjusted VouT via PCB Layout

March 2025



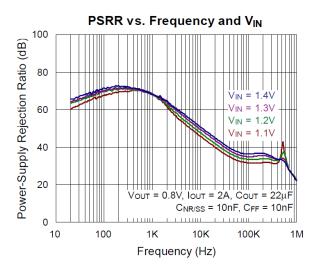
Table 3. Vout Select Pin Settings for Different Targets

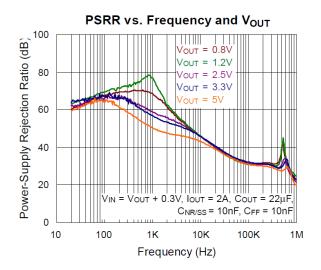
| V (\( \) | E0m\/ | 100m\/ | 200mV | 400m\/ | 900m\/ | 1.6V | V (\( \)             | E0m\/ | 400mV | 200m\/ | 400mV | 900m\/ | 1.6V |
|----------|-------|--------|-------|--------|--------|------|----------------------|-------|-------|--------|-------|--------|------|
| - ,      |       | 100mV  |       |        | 800mV  |      | V <sub>OUT</sub> (V) | 50mV  | 100mV | 200mV  |       | 800mV  |      |
| 0.8      | Open  | Open   | Open  | Open   | Open   | Open | 2.4                  | Open  | Open  | Open   | Open  | Open   | GND  |
| 0.85     | GND   | Open   | Open  | Open   | Open   | Open | 2.45                 | GND   | Open  | Open   | Open  | Open   | GND  |
| 0.9      | Open  | GND    | Open  | Open   | Open   | Open | 2.5                  | Open  | GND   | Open   | Open  | Open   | GND  |
| 0.95     | GND   | GND    | Open  | Open   | Open   | Open | 2.55                 | GND   | GND   | Open   | Open  | Open   | GND  |
| 1        | Open  | Open   | GND   | Open   | Open   | Open | 2.6                  | Open  | Open  | GND    | Open  | Open   | GND  |
| 1.05     | GND   | Open   | GND   | Open   | Open   | Open | 2.65                 | GND   | Open  | GND    | Open  | Open   | GND  |
| 1.1      | Open  | GND    | GND   | Open   | Open   | Open | 2.7                  | Open  | GND   | GND    | Open  | Open   | GND  |
| 1.15     | GND   | GND    | GND   | Open   | Open   | Open | 2.75                 | GND   | GND   | GND    | Open  | Open   | GND  |
| 1.2      | Open  | Open   | Open  | GND    | Open   | Open | 2.8                  | Open  | Open  | Open   | GND   | Open   | GND  |
| 1.25     | GND   | Open   | Open  | GND    | Open   | Open | 2.85                 | GND   | Open  | Open   | GND   | Open   | GND  |
| 1.3      | Open  | GND    | Open  | GND    | Open   | Open | 2.9                  | Open  | GND   | Open   | GND   | Open   | GND  |
| 1.35     | GND   | GND    | Open  | GND    | Open   | Open | 2.95                 | GND   | GND   | Open   | GND   | Open   | GND  |
| 1.4      | Open  | Open   | GND   | GND    | Open   | Open | 3                    | Open  | Open  | GND    | GND   | Open   | GND  |
| 1.45     | GND   | Open   | GND   | GND    | Open   | Open | 3.05                 | GND   | Open  | GND    | GND   | Open   | GND  |
| 1.5      | Open  | GND    | GND   | GND    | Open   | Open | 3.1                  | Open  | GND   | GND    | GND   | Open   | GND  |
| 1.55     | GND   | GND    | GND   | GND    | Open   | Open | 3.15                 | GND   | GND   | GND    | GND   | Open   | GND  |
| 1.6      | Open  | Open   | Open  | Open   | GND    | Open | 3.2                  | Open  | Open  | Open   | Open  | GND    | GND  |
| 1.65     | GND   | Open   | Open  | Open   | GND    | Open | 3.25                 | GND   | Open  | Open   | Open  | GND    | GND  |
| 1.7      | Open  | GND    | Open  | Open   | GND    | Open | 3.3                  | Open  | GND   | Open   | Open  | GND    | GND  |
| 1.75     | GND   | GND    | Open  | Open   | GND    | Open | 3.35                 | GND   | GND   | Open   | Open  | GND    | GND  |
| 1.8      | Open  | Open   | GND   | Open   | GND    | Open | 3.4                  | Open  | Open  | GND    | Open  | GND    | GND  |
| 1.85     | GND   | Open   | GND   | Open   | GND    | Open | 3.45                 | GND   | Open  | GND    | Open  | GND    | GND  |
| 1.9      | Open  | GND    | GND   | Open   | GND    | Open | 3.5                  | Open  | GND   | GND    | Open  | GND    | GND  |
| 1.95     | GND   | GND    | GND   | Open   | GND    | Open | 3.55                 | GND   | GND   | GND    | Open  | GND    | GND  |
| 2        | Open  | Open   | Open  | GND    | GND    | Open | 3.6                  | Open  | Open  | Open   | GND   | GND    | GND  |
| 2.05     | GND   | Open   | Open  | GND    | GND    | Open | 3.65                 | GND   | Open  | Open   | GND   | GND    | GND  |
| 2.1      | Open  | GND    | Open  | GND    | GND    | Open | 3.7                  | Open  | GND   | Open   | GND   | GND    | GND  |
| 2.15     | GND   | GND    | Open  | GND    | GND    | Open | 3.75                 | GND   | GND   | Open   | GND   | GND    | GND  |
| 2.2      | Open  | Open   | GND   | GND    | GND    | Open | 3.8                  | Open  | Open  | GND    | GND   | GND    | GND  |
| 2.25     | GND   | Open   | GND   | GND    | GND    | Open | 3.85                 | GND   | Open  | GND    | GND   | GND    | GND  |
| 2.3      | Open  | GND    | GND   | GND    | GND    | Open | 3.9                  | Open  | GND   | GND    | GND   | GND    | GND  |
| 2.35     | GND   | GND    | GND   | GND    | GND    | Open | 3.95                 | GND   | GND   | GND    | GND   | GND    | GND  |
|          |       |        |       |        |        | - 1  |                      |       |       |        |       |        |      |

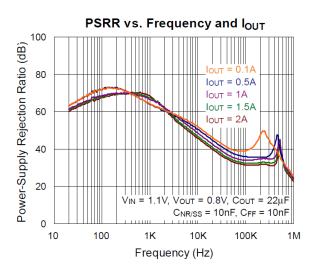
RTQ2532A\_RTQ2532N\_DS-06

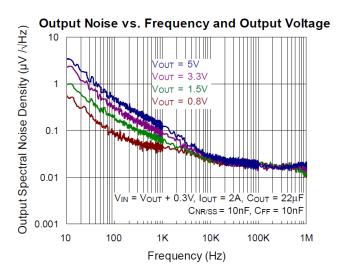


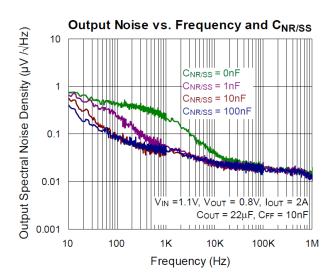
## 16 Typical Operating Characteristics

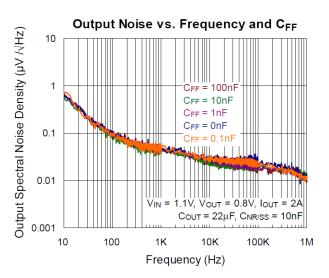






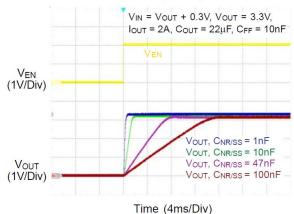




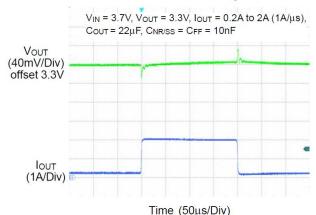




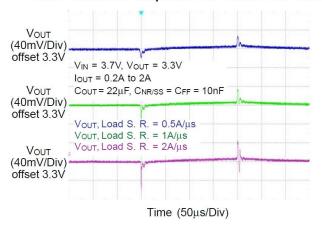
### Power Up Response



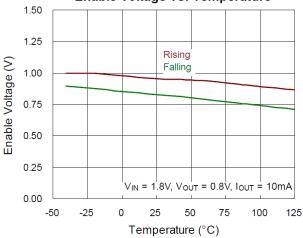
#### Load Transient Response



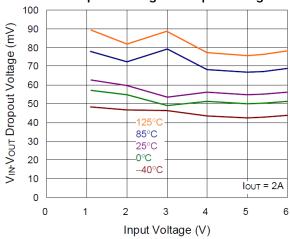
#### Load Transient Response vs. Load Slew Rate



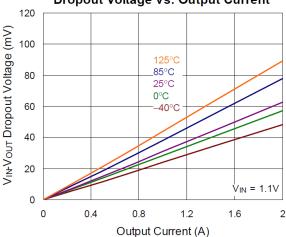
#### Enable Voltage vs. Temperature



### Dropout Voltage vs. Input Voltage

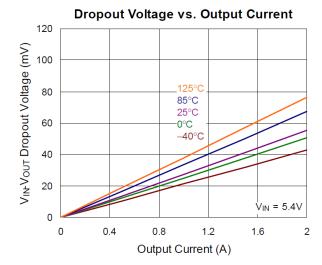


#### **Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current**



**RICHTEK** 





**RICHTEK** 



### 17 Operation

The RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N operates with a single supply input ranging from 1.1V to 6.5V and is capable of delivering up to 2A current to the output. The device features high PSRR and low noise to provide a clean supply to the application.

A low-noise reference and error amplifier are included to reduce device noise. The NR/SS capacitor filters the noise from the reference, and the feed-forward capacitor filters the noise from the error amplifier. The high powersupply rejection ratio (PSRR) of the RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N minimizes the coupling of input supply noise to the output.

#### 17.1 Enable and Shutdown

The RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N provides an EN pin, as an external chip enable control, to enable or disable the device. When VEN is below 0.5V, the regulator turns off and enters the shutdown mode. While VEN is above 1.1V, the regulator turns on. When the regulator is in shutdown mode, the ground current is reduced to a maximum of 25µA. The enable circuitry has hysteresis (typically 50mV) for use with relatively slowly ramping analog signals.

If the EN pin is not used, connect it as close as possible to the largest capacitance on the input to prevent voltage droops on the VIN line from triggering the enable circuit.

#### 17.2 VOUT Programming Pins

The built-in matched feedback resistor network of the RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N can set the output voltage. The output voltage is programmable from 0.8V to 3.95V in 50mV steps when connecting programming pins 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, and 11 to ground. Connecting any of the VOUT programming pins to SNS can lower the value of the upper resistor divider. Hence, the VOUT programming resolution is increased.

#### 17.3 Programmable Soft-Start

The noise-reduction capacitor (CNR/SS) reduces noise and programs the soft-start ramp time during turn-on. When EN and UVLO exceed the respective threshold voltage, the RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N activates a quick-start circuit to charge the noise reduction capacitor (CNR/SS) and then the output voltage ramps up.

#### 17.4 Power-Good Indicator

The power-good circuit monitors the feedback pin voltage to indicate the status of the output voltage. The opendrain PG pin requires an external pull-up resistor to an external supply, and any downstream device can receive power-good as a logic signal that can be used for sequencing. A pull-up resistor from  $10k\Omega$  to  $100k\Omega$  is recommended. Make sure that the external pull-up supply voltage results in a valid logic signal for the receiving device or devices.

After start-up, the PG pin becomes high impedance when the feedback voltage exceeds VPG\_HYS (typically 90% of the 0.8V reference voltage level). The PG is pulled to GND when the feedback pin voltage falls below the VPG, when EN is low, or when the current limit or OTP levels are reached.

#### 17.5 Undervoltage-Lockout (UVLO)

The UVLO circuit monitors the input voltage to prevent the device from turning on before VIN rises above the VUVLO threshold. The UVLO circuit also disables the output of the device when VIN falls below the lockout voltage (Vuvlo R - Vuvlo Hys). The UVLO circuit responds guickly to glitches on VIN and attempts to disable the output of the device if VIN collapses.

RTQ2532A RTQ2532N DS-06



#### 17.6 Internal Current Limit (ILIM)

The RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N continuously monitors the output current to protect the device against high load current faults or short events. The current limit circuitry is not intended to allow operation above the rated current of the device. Continuously running the RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N above the rated current degrades the reliability of the device.

During current limit, the output voltage falls when load impedance decreases. If the output voltage is low, excessive power may cause the output thermal shutdown.

A foldback feature limits the short-circuit current to protect the regulator from damage under all load conditions. If the load current demand exceeds the foldback current limit before EN goes high, the device does not turn on.

#### 17.7 Over-Temperature Protection (OTP)

The RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N implements over-temperature protection. The device is disabled when the junction temperature (T<sub>J</sub>) exceeds 160°C (typical). The LDO automatically turns on again when the temperature falls below 140°C (typical).

For reliable operation, limit the junction temperature to a maximum of 125°C. Continuously running the RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N into thermal shutdown or above a junction temperature of 125°C reduces long-term reliability.

#### 17.8 Output Active Discharge

When the device is disabled, the RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N discharges the LDO output (via VOUT pins) through an internal current sink to ground. Do not rely on the active discharge circuit for discharging a large amount of the output capacitance after the input supply collapses because reverse current can possibly flow from the output to the input. The external current protection should be added if the device operates in a reverse voltage state.



# 18 Application Information

(Note 10)

The RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N is a high-current, low-noise, high-accuracy, low-dropout linear regulator capable of sourcing 2A with 125mV maximum dropout. The input voltage operating range is 1.1V to 6.5V, and the adjustable output voltage is 0.8V to 5.5V according to the external resistor setting or 0.8V to 3.95V via the PCB layout to short specific pins and get the required output target.

#### 18.1 Output Voltage Setting

The output voltage of the RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N can be set by external resistors or by using the output voltage setting pins (50mV, 100mV, 200mV, 400mV, 800mV, and 1.6V) to achieve different output targets.

By using external resistors, the output voltage is determined by the values of R1 and R2, as shown in <u>Figure 3</u>. The values of R1 and R2 can be calculated for any voltage value using the following formula:

$$V_{OUT} = 0.8 \times \frac{R1 + R2}{R2}$$

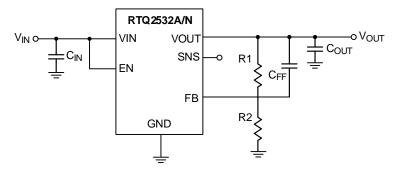


Figure 3. Output Voltage Set by External Resistors

The RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N can also short pins 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, and 11 to ground and program the regulated output voltage level without external resistors after the SNS pin is connected to the VOUT. Pins 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, and 11 are connected with internal resistor pairs. Each pin is either connected to ground (active) or left open (floating).

Voltage programming is set as the sum of the internal reference voltage (VREF = 0.8V) plus the accumulated sum of the respective voltages assigned to each active pin, as illustrated in <u>Figure 4</u>.



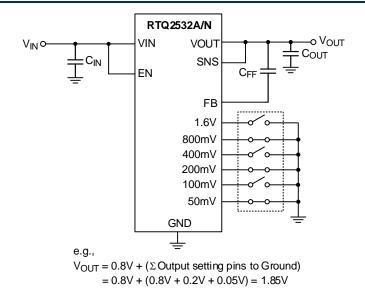


Figure 4. Output Setting without External Resistors

Table 2 summarizes these voltage values associated with each active pin setting for reference. By leaving all programming pins open, or floating, the output is thereby programmed to the minimum possible output voltage, which equals to VREF (0.8V). The maximum output target can be supported up to 3.95V after all pins 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, and 11 are shorted to ground at the same time.

#### 18.2 Dropout Voltage

The dropout voltage refers to the voltage difference between the VIN and VOUT pins while operating at a specific output current. The dropout voltage VDROP can also be expressed as the voltage drop on the pass-FET at a specific output current (IRATED) while the pass-FET is fully operating in the ohmic region and the pass-FET can be characterized as a resistance RDS(ON). Thus, the dropout voltage can be defined as VDROP = VIN - VOUT = RDS(ON) × IRATED. For normal operation, the suggested LDO operating range is VIN > VOUT + VDROP for good transient response and PSRR performance. However, operation in the ohmic region will degrade the performance severely.

#### 18.3 CIN and COUT Selection

The RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N is designed to support low-series-resistance (ESR) ceramic capacitors. X7R, X5R, and COG-rated ceramic capacitors are recommended due to their good capacitive stability across different temperatures, whereas the use of Y5V-rated capacitors is not recommended because of large capacitance variations.

However, the capacitance of ceramic capacitors varies with operating voltage and temperature, and the design engineer must be aware of these characteristics. Ceramic capacitors are usually recommended to be derated by 50%. A 22μF or greater output ceramic capacitor (or 10μF effective capacitance) is suggested to ensure stability. Input capacitance is selected to minimize transient input drop during load current steps. For general applications, an input capacitor of at least 22 μF is highly recommended for minimal input impedance. If the trace inductance between the RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N input pin and power supply is high, a fast load transient can cause VIN voltage level ringing above the absolute maximum voltage rating, which damages the device. Adding more input capacitors is available to restrict the ringing and keep it below the device absolute maximum ratings.



#### 18.4 Feed-Forward Capacitor (CFF)

The RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N is designed to be stable without the external feed-forward capacitor (CFF). However, a 10nF external feed-forward capacitor optimizes the transient, noise, and PSRR performances. A higher capacitance of CFF can also be used, but the start-up time will be longer and the power-good signal will incorrectly indicate that the output voltage is settled.

#### 18.5 Soft-Start and Noise Reduction (CNR/SS)

The RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N is designed for a programmable, monotonic soft-start time during the output rising, which can be achieved via an external capacitor (CNR/SS) on the NR/SS pin. Using an external CNR/SS is recommended for general applications. It not only minimizes inrush current but also helps reduce the noise component from the internal reference.

During the monotonic start-up procedure, the error amplifier of the RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N tracks the voltage ramp of the external soft-start capacitor (CNR/SS) until the voltage approaches the internal reference 0.8V. The soft-start ramp time can be calculated with Equation 1, which depends on the soft-start charging current (INR/SS), the soft-start capacitance (CNR/SS), and the internal reference 0.8V (VREF).

$$t_{SS} = \frac{\left(V_{REF} \times C_{NR/SS}\right)}{I_{NR/SS}} \tag{1}$$

For noise reduction, C<sub>NR/SS</sub> in conjunction with an internal noise-reduction resistor forms a low-pass filter (LPF) and filters out the noise from the internal bandgap reference before being amplified via the error amplifier, thus reducing the total device noise floor.

#### 18.6 Input Inrush Current

During start-up, the input Inrush current into the VIN pin consists of the sum of load current and the charging current of the output capacitor. The inrush current is difficult to measure because the input capacitor must be removed, which is not recommended. Generally, the soft-start inrush current can be estimated using Equation 2, where Vout(t) is the instantaneous output voltage of the power-on ramp, dVout(t)/dt is the slope of the Vout ramp and RLOAD is the resistive load impedance.

$$I_{OUT}(t) = \frac{\left(C_{OUT} \times dV_{OUT}(t)\right)}{dt} + \left(\frac{V_{OUT}(t)}{R_{LOAD}}\right)$$
 (2)

#### 18.7 Undervoltage-Lockout (UVLO)

The Undervoltage-Lockout (UVLO) threshold is the minimum input operational voltage range that ensures the device stays disabled. Figure 5 explains that the UVLO circuits are triggered by three different input voltage events (duration a, b, and c), assuming VEN ≥ VEN\_R at all times. For duration "a", the input voltage starts rising. When VIN exceeds the UVLO rising threshold, Vout starts the power-on process. Then, when Vout reaches the target level, it is under regulation. During "b", although the power line has a voltage drop, it does not drop below the UVLO low threshold (falling threshold). As a result, the device maintains normal operation, and Vout is still regulated. At duration "c", VIN drops below the UVLO falling threshold, so the control loop is disabled and there is no regulation; meanwhile, Vout drops. For general applications, an instant power line transient with a long power trace at the VIN pin may have VIN level unstable and force a trap, as shown in duration "c", which makes Vout collapse. In this case, adding more input capacitance or improving the input trace layout on the PCB are effective to improve input power stabilization.

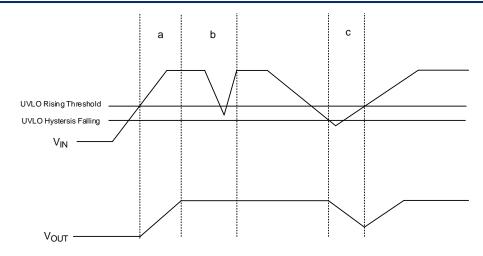


Figure 5. Undervoltage-Lockout Trigging Conditions and Output Variation

#### 18.8 Power-Good (PG) Function

The power-good function monitors the voltage level at the feedback pin to indicate whether the output voltage status is normal. This function enables other devices to receive the RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N's power-good signal as a logic signal that can be used for the sequence design of the system application. The PG pin is an open-drain structure, and an external pull-up resistor connected to an external supply is necessary. The pull-up resistor value between  $10k\Omega$  to  $100k\Omega$  is recommended for proper operation. The lower limit of  $10k\Omega$  results from the maximum pull-down strength of the power-good transistor, and the upper limit of  $100k\Omega$  results from the maximum leakage current at the power-good node.

Figure 6 demonstrates some PG scenarios versus VIN, EN, and protection status. During "a", VEN is higher than the VEN\_R threshold, and the device is in operation. In this period, VOUT starts rising (the rising time is related to the soft-start capacitor CNR/SS). When Vout exceeds the PG hysteresis threshold, the reflected feedback voltage VFB exceeds the VPG\_HYS threshold. Consequently, the PG pin becomes a high-impedance node. The duration "b" indicates some unpredictable operation (for example: OTP, OCP, or severe output voltage drop caused by very fast load variation). When VFB is lower than the VPG threshold, VPG is pulled to GND, which indicates that the output voltage is not ready. In duration "c", Vout has a small drop, which is not lower than the PG falling threshold; the PG pin remains in high impedance. After VEN becomes logic "0", VPG is pulled to GND, as shown in duration "d".

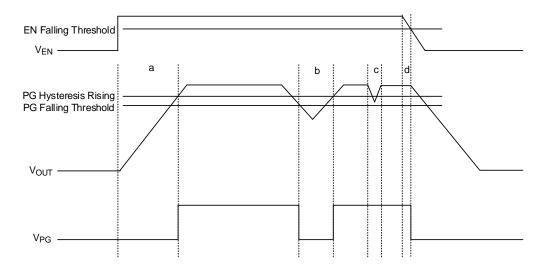


Figure 6. PG Trigger Scenario with Different Operating Status

2025



#### 18.9 Reverse Current Protection

The reverse current from Vout to Vin that flows through the body diode of the pass element instead of the normal conducting channel if the maximum Vout exceeds Vin + 0.3V. In this case, the pass element may be damaged.

For example, if the output is biased above the input supply voltage level or the input supply has an instant drop during light load operation, that makes VIN < VOUT. As shown in <u>Figure 7</u>, an external Schottky diode can be added to prevent the pass element from being damaged by the reverse current.

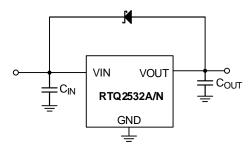


Figure 7. Application Circuit for Reverse Current Protection

#### 18.10 Thermal Considerations

Thermal protection limits power dissipation in the RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N. When power dissipation on the pass element ( $PD = (VIN - VOUT) \times IOUT$ ) is too high and raises the junction operation temperature over 160°C, the OTP circuit starts the thermal shutdown function and turns the pass element off. The pass element turns on again after the junction temperature cools down by 20°C.

The output is shorted to ground when there is a short circuit at the output. This procedure can reduce the IC temperature and provide maximum safety to end users when an output short circuit occurs.

The junction temperature should never exceed the absolute maximum junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>, listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings, to avoid permanent damage to the device. The maximum allowable power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of the IC package, the PCB layout, the rate of surrounding airflow, and the difference between the junction and ambient temperatures. The maximum power dissipation can be calculated using the following formula:

$$PD(MAX) = (TJ(MAX) - TA) / \theta JA$$

where  $T_{J(MAX)}$  is the maximum junction temperature,  $T_A$  is the ambient temperature, and  $\theta_{JA}$  is the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

For continuous operation, the maximum operating junction temperature indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is  $125^{\circ}$ C. The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance,  $\theta_{JA(EVB)}$ , is highly package dependent. For a VQFN-20L 3.5x3.5 package, the thermal resistance (specific EVB),  $\theta_{JA(EVB)}$ , is  $39.33^{\circ}$ C/W on a high effective thermal-conductivity four-layer test board. For a VQFN-20L 5x5 package, the thermal resistance (specific EVB),  $\theta_{JA(EVB)}$ , is  $35.7^{\circ}$ C/W on a high effective thermal-conductivity four-layer test board. The maximum power dissipation at TA =  $25^{\circ}$ C can be calculated as follows:

 $PD(MAX) = (125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C) / (39.33^{\circ}C/W) = 2.54W$  for a VQFN-20L 3.5x3.5 package.

$$PD(MAX) = (125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C) / (35.7^{\circ}C/W) = 2.8W$$
 for a VQFN-20L 5x5 package.

The maximum power dissipation depends on the operating ambient temperature for the fixed  $T_{J(MAX)}$  and the thermal resistance,  $\theta_{JA(EVB)}$ . The derating curves in <u>Figure 8</u> allow the designer to see the effect of rising ambient temperature on the maximum power dissipation.

RTQ2532A RTQ2532N DS-06

www.richtek.com



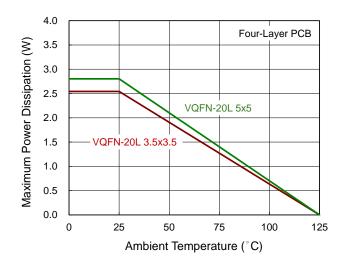


Figure 8. Derating Curves of Maximum Power Dissipation

#### 18.11 Layout Considerations

For the best performance of the RTQ2532A/RTQ2532N, the following PCB layout suggestions are highly recommended. All circuit components should be placed on the same side and as close to the respective LDO pin as possible. Place the ground return path connection to the input and output capacitors. Connect the ground plane with a wide copper surface for good thermal dissipation. Using vias and long power traces for the input and output capacitors connections is not recommended and has negative effects on performance. Figure 9 shows a layout example that reduces conduction trace loops, helping to minimize inductive parasitics and load transient effects while improving the circuit stability.

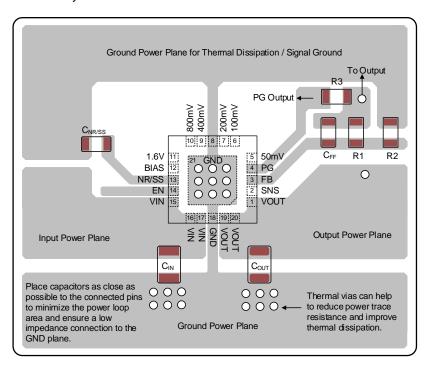


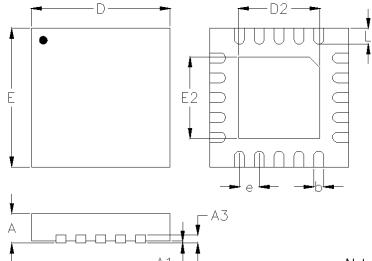
Figure 9. PCB Layout Guide

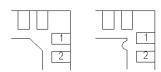
Note 10. The information provided in this section is for reference only. The customer is solely responsible for the designing, validating, and testing your product incorporating Richtek's product and ensure such product meets applicable standards and any safety, security, or other requirements.



### 19 Outline Dimension

#### 19.1 VQFN-20L 3.5x3.5





**DETAIL A** 

Pin #1 ID and Tie Bar Mark Options

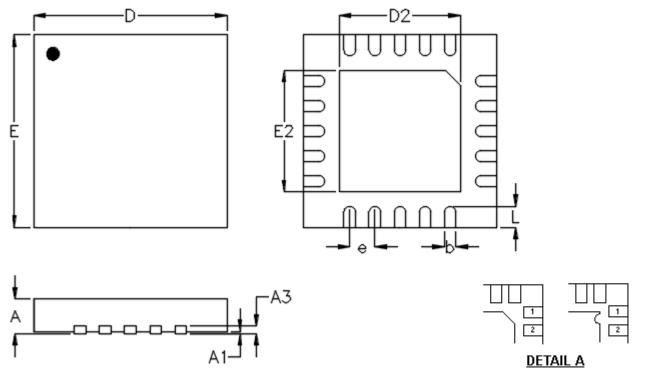
Note: The configuration of the Pin#1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated.

| Symbol | Dimensions I | n Millimeters | Dimensions In Inches |       |  |  |  |
|--------|--------------|---------------|----------------------|-------|--|--|--|
| Symbol | Min          | Max           | Min                  | Max   |  |  |  |
| А      | 0.800        | 1.000         | 0.031                | 0.039 |  |  |  |
| A1     | 0.000        | 0.050         | 0.000                | 0.002 |  |  |  |
| А3     | 0.175 0.250  |               | 0.007                | 0.010 |  |  |  |
| b      | 0.200        | 0.300         | 0.008                | 0.012 |  |  |  |
| D      | 3.400        | 3.600         | 0.134                | 0.142 |  |  |  |
| D2     | 2.000        | 2.100         | 0.079                | 0.083 |  |  |  |
| Е      | 3.400        | 3.600         | 0.134                | 0.142 |  |  |  |
| E2     | 2.000        | 2.100         | 0.079                | 0.083 |  |  |  |
| е      | 0.5          | 500           | 0.0                  | )20   |  |  |  |
| L      | 0.350        | 0.450         | 0.014                | 0.018 |  |  |  |

V-Type 20L QFN 3.5x3.5 Package



#### 19.2 VQFN-20L 5x5



Pin #1 ID and Tie Bar Mark Options

Note: The configuration of the Pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated.

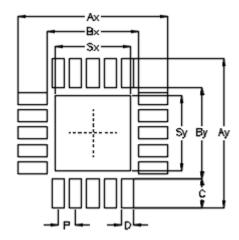
| Symbol | Dimensions I | n Millimeters | Dimension | s In Inches |
|--------|--------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|
| Symbol | Min          | Max           | Min       | Max         |
| А      | 0.800        | 1.000         | 0.031     | 0.039       |
| A1     | 0.000        | 0.050         | 0.000     | 0.002       |
| А3     | 0.175 0.250  |               | 0.007     | 0.010       |
| b      | 0.250        | 0.350         | 0.010     | 0.014       |
| D      | 4.950        | 5.050         | 0.195     | 0.199       |
| D2     | 3.100        | 3.200         | 0.122     | 0.126       |
| Е      | 4.950        | 5.050         | 0.195     | 0.199       |
| E2     | 3.100        | 3.200         | 0.122     | 0.126       |
| е      | 0.6          | 550           | 0.0       | )26         |
| L      | 0.500        | 0.600         | 0.020     | 0.024       |

V-Type 20L QFN 5x5 Package



# 20 Footprint Information

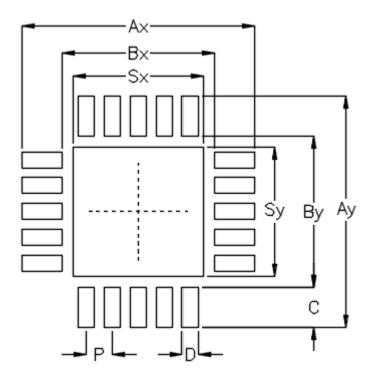
### 20.1 VQFN-20L 3.5x3.5



| Package              | Number of |      |      | F    | ootprint | Dimen | sion (m | m)   |      |      | Toloropoo |
|----------------------|-----------|------|------|------|----------|-------|---------|------|------|------|-----------|
|                      | Pin       | Р    | Ax   | Ay   | Вх       | Ву    | С       | D    | Sx   | Sy   | Tolerance |
| V/W/U/XQFN3.5*3.5-20 | 20        | 0.50 | 4.30 | 4.30 | 2.60     | 2.60  | 0.85    | 0.35 | 2.15 | 2.15 | ±0.05     |



#### 20.2 VQFN-20L 5x5



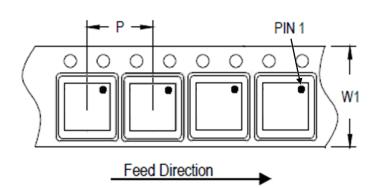
| Dookogo          | Number of | Footprint Dimension (mm) |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |           | Toloronoo |
|------------------|-----------|--------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------|-----------|
| Package          | Pin       | Pin P Ax Ay Bx By C D    |      |      |      |      |      | Sx   | Sy   | Tolerance |           |
| V/W/U/XQFN5*5-20 | 20        | 0.65                     | 5.80 | 5.80 | 3.80 | 3.80 | 1.00 | 0.40 | 3.25 | 3.25      | ±0.05     |

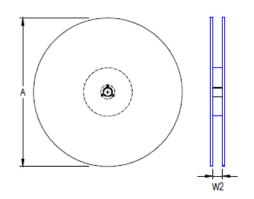


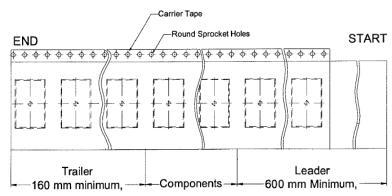
# 21 Packing Information

### 21.1 Tape and Reel Data

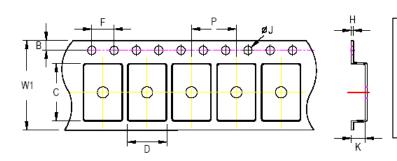
#### 21.1.1 VQFN-20L 3.5x3.5







| Package Type                 | Tape Size<br>(W1) (mm) | Pocket Pitch<br>(P) (mm) | Reel Si | ze (A)<br>(in) | Units per<br>Reel | Trailer<br>(mm) | Leader<br>(mm) | Reel Width (W2)<br>Min/Max (mm) |
|------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------------------|
| (V, W)<br>QFN/DFN<br>3.5x3.5 | 12                     | 8                        | 180     | 7              | 1,500             | 160             | 600            | 12.4/14.4                       |



March 2025

C, D, and K are determined by component size.

The clearance between the components and the cavity is as follows:

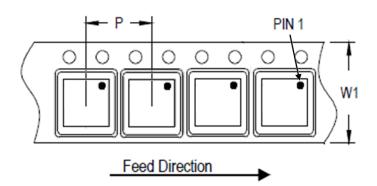
- For 12mm carrier tape: 0.5mm max.

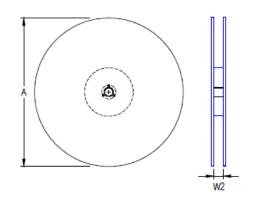
| Tano Sizo | W1     | Р     |       | В      |        | F     |       | ØJ    |       | K     |       | Н     |
|-----------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Tape Size | Max    | Min   | Max   | Min    | Max    | Min   | Max   | Min   | Max   | Min   | Max   | Max   |
| 12mm      | 12.3mm | 7.9mm | 8.1mm | 1.65mm | 1.85mm | 3.9mm | 4.1mm | 1.5mm | 1.6mm | 1.0mm | 1.3mm | 0.6mm |

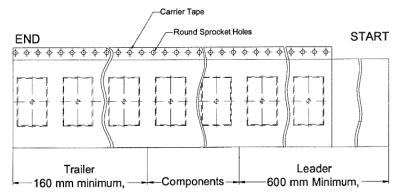
RTQ2532A\_RTQ2532N\_DS-06



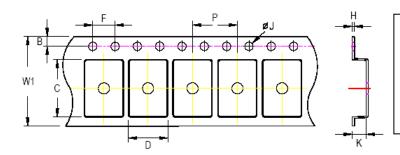
#### 21.1.2 VQFN-20L 5x5







| Package Type             | Tape Size<br>(W1) (mm) | Pocket Pitch (P) (mm) | Reel Si | ze (A)<br>(in) | Units per<br>Reel | Trailer<br>(mm) | Leader<br>(mm) | Reel Width (W2)<br>Min/Max (mm) |
|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------------------|
| (V, W)<br>QFN/DFN<br>5x5 | 12                     | 8                     | 180     | 7              | 1,500             | 160             | 600            | 12.4/14.4                       |



C, D, and K are determined by component size.

The clearance between the components and the cavity is as follows:

- For 12mm carrier tape: 0.5mm max.

| Tape Size | W1     | Р     |       | В      |        | F     |       | ØJ    |       | K     |       | Н     |
|-----------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Tape Size | Max    | Min   | Max   | Min    | Max    | Min   | Max   | Min   | Max   | Min   | Max   | Max   |
| 12mm      | 12.3mm | 7.9mm | 8.1mm | 1.65mm | 1.85mm | 3.9mm | 4.1mm | 1.5mm | 1.6mm | 1.0mm | 1.3mm | 0.6mm |



#### 21.2 Tape and Reel Packing

#### 21.2.1 VQFN-20L 3.5x3.5

| Step | Photo/Description  | Step | Photo/Description  |
|------|--|------|--|
| 1    | PICHTER Comments  The state of  | 4    | RICHTERC (1 text)  The Richter (1 text)  The |
|      | Reel 7"  |      | 3 reels per inner box <b>Box A</b>   |
| 2    | TOWNS TO SECURE THE PARTY OF TH | 5    |  |
|      | HIC & Desiccant (1 Unit) inside  |      | 12 inner boxes per outer box   |
| 3    | RECTURAL STATE OF THE PARTY OF  | 6    | RICHTEK<br>TETANITHE   |
|      | Caution label is on backside of Al bag   |      | Outer box Carton A   |

| Container            | R    | Reel  |       | Вох   |       | Carton   |                     |        |  |
|----------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------|---------------------|--------|--|
| Package              | Size | Units | Item  | Reels | Units | Item     | Boxes               | Unit   |  |
| (V, W)               | 7"   | 1 500 | Box A | 3     | 4,500 | Carton A | 12                  | 54,000 |  |
| QFN & DFN<br>3.5x3.5 | 7    | 1,500 | Box E | 1     | 1,500 | For C    | combined or Partial | Reel.  |  |



#### 21.2.2 VQFN-20L 5x5

| Step | Photo/Description  | Step | Photo/Description           |
|------|--|------|-----------------------------|
| 1    | Reel 7"  | 4    | 3 reels per inner box Box A |
| 2    | TOWNERS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE | 5    |                             |
| 3    | HIC & Desiccant (1 Unit) inside  Caution label is on backside of Al bag  | 6    | Outer box Carton A          |

| Container   | R    | eel    |       | Вох   |       | Carton   |       |        |  |
|-------------|------|--------|-------|-------|-------|----------|-------|--------|--|
| Package     | Size | Units  | Item  | Reels | Units | Item     | Boxes | Unit   |  |
| (V, W)      | 7"   | 4 = 00 | Box A | 3     | 4,500 | Carton A | 12    | 54,000 |  |
| QFN/DFN 5x5 | /    | 1,500  | Box E | 1     | 1,500 | For C    | Reel. |        |  |



#### 21.3 Packing Material Anti-ESD Property

| Surface<br>Resistance | Aluminum Bag                        | Reel                                | Cover tape                          | Carrier tape                        | Tube                                | Protection Band                     |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| $\Omega/\text{cm}^2$  | 10 <sup>4</sup> to 10 <sup>11</sup> |

### **Richtek Technology Corporation**

14F, No. 8, Tai Yuen 1st Street, Chupei City Hsinchu, Taiwan, R.O.C. Tel: (8863)5526789

Richtek products are sold by description only. Richtek reserves the right to change the circuitry and/or specifications without notice at any time. Customers should obtain the latest relevant information and data sheets before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. Richtek cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Richtek product. Information furnished by Richtek is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Richtek or its subsidiaries for its use; nor for any infringements of patients or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of Richtek or its subsidiaries

Copyright © 2025 Richtek Technology Corporation. All rights reserved.



22 Datasheet Revision History

| Version | Date      | Description | Item  |
|---------|-----------|-------------|---|
| 01      | 2022/12/6 | Modify      | Operation on page 15 Packing Information on page 25, 26, 27   |
| 02      | 2023/2/23 | Modify      | Packing Information on page 25, 26, 27  |
| 03      | 2023/6/7  | Modify      | Pin Configuration on page 1 Functional Pin Description on page 4 Functional Block Diagram on page 5 Typical Application Circuit on page 9 Application Information on page 18  |
| 04      | 2024/3/21 | Modify      | Ordering Information on page 1 Thermal Information on page 6 Note 4 on page 8 Application Information on page 21, 22  |
| 05      | 2024/7/31 | Modify      | Changed the name of pin 4 to PG. Ordering Information on page 1 - Delete Quadrant 1 Information Simplified Application Circuit on page 1 - Added Simplified Application Circuit Typical Application Circuit on page 9, 10 - Modify Circuit Application Information on page 17, 22 - Modify Note Information |
| 06      | 2025/3/3  | Modify      | Merge RTQ2532A and RTQ2532N<br>Thermal Information on page 6<br>Packing Information on page 27 to 31  |